RS2AA - RS2MA

SURFACE MOUNT FAST RECOVERY RECTIFIER DIODES

VOLTAGE RANGE: 50 - 1000V
CURRENT: 2.0 A

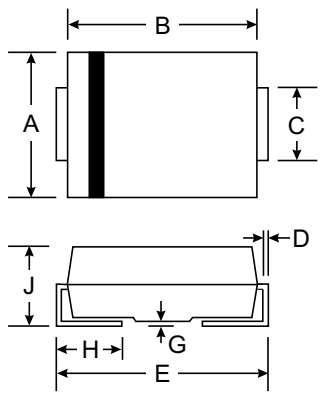
Features

- Glass Passivated Die Construction
- Ideally Suited for Automatic Assembly
- Low Forward Voltage Drop, High Efficiency
- Low Power Loss
- Fast Recovery Time
- Plastic Case Material has UL Flammability Classification Rating 94V-O

Mechanical Data

- Case: SMA/DO-214AC, Molded Plastic
- Terminals: Solder Plated, Solderable per MIL-STD-750, Method 2026
- Polarity: Cathode Band or Cathode Notch
- Marking: Type Number
- Weight: 0.064 grams (approx.)

RoHS COMPLIANT



SMA(DO-214AC)		
Dim	**Min**	**Max**
A	2.29	2.92
B	4.00	4.60
C	1.27	1.63
D	0.15	0.31
E	4.80	5.59
G	0.10	0.20
H	0.76	1.52
J	2.01	2.62
All Dimensions in mm		

Maximum Ratings and Electrical Characteristics T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified

Single phase, half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load. For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

Characteristic	Symbol	RS2AA	RS2BA	RS2DA	RS2GA	RS2JA	RS2KA	RS2MA	Unit
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage Working Peak Reverse Voltage DC Blocking Voltage	V_{RRM} V_{RWM} V_R	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
RMS Reverse Voltage	$V_{R(RMS)}$	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	V
Average Rectified Output Current @T_L = 90°C	I_O	2.0							A
Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3ms Single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC Method)	I_{FSM}	50							A
Forward Voltage @I_F = 2.0A	V_{FM}	1.30							V
Peak Reverse Current @T_A = 25°C At Rated DC Blocking Voltage @T_A = 125°C	I_{RM}	5.0 300							μA
Reverse Recovery Time (Note 1)	t_{rr}	150				250	500		nS
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note 2)	C_j	50							pF
Typical Thermal Resistance (Note 3)	$R_{\theta JL}$	20							°C/W
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T_j, T_{STG}	-50 to +150							°C

Note: 1. Measured with I_F = 0.5A, I_R = 1.0A, I_{rr} = 0.25A. See figure 5.
2. Measured at 1.0 MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0 V DC.
3. Mounted on P.C. Board with 8.0mm^2 land area.

RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES RS2AA THRU RS2MA

FIG. 1- FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

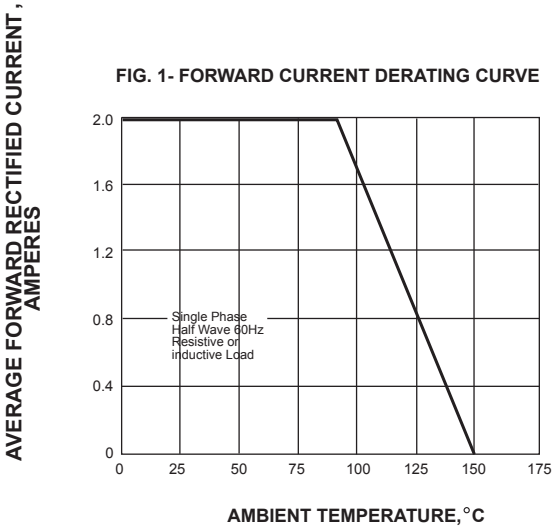


FIG. 2-MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE PEAK FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

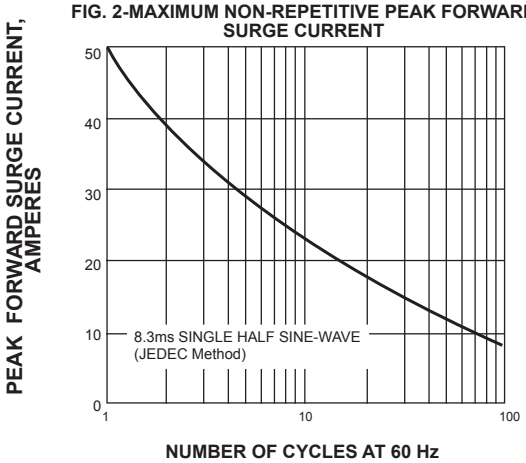


FIG. 3-TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

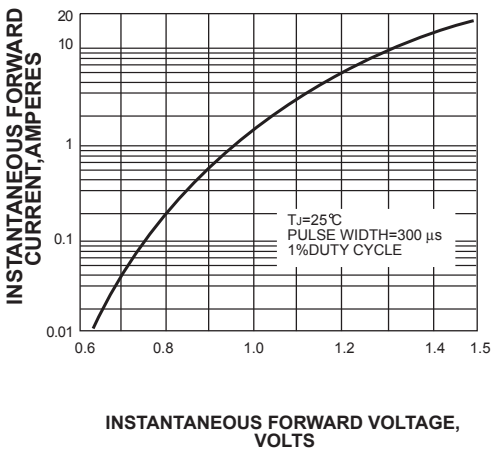


FIG. 4-TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

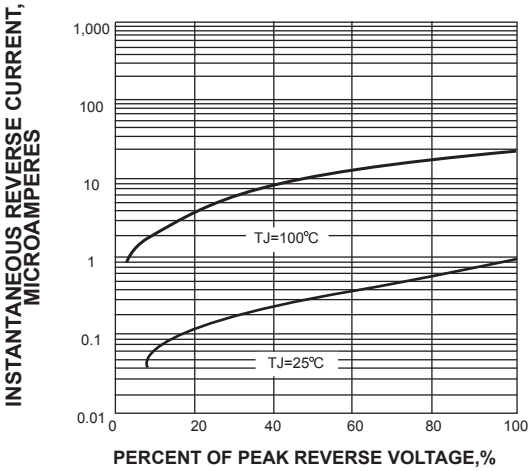


FIG. 5-TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

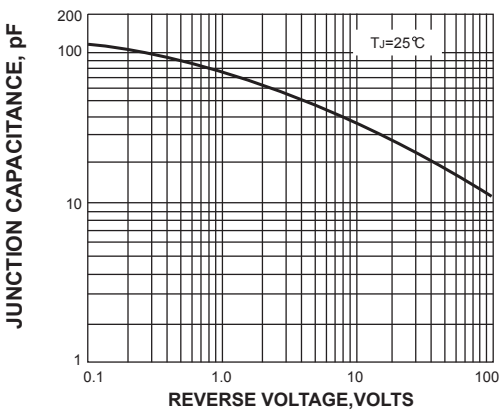


FIG. 6-TYPICAL TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE