

SMLJ60S1-SMLJ60S10 SURFACE MOUNT RECTIFIER DIODES

VOLTAGE RANGE: 100 - 1000V CURRENT: 6.0 A

Features

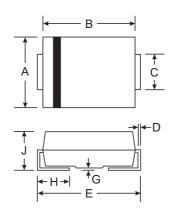
- Glass Passivated Die Construction
- Ideally Suited for Automatic Assembly
- Low Forward Voltage Drop
- Low Power Loss
- Built-in Strain Relief
- Plastic Case Material has UL Flammability Classification Rating 94V-O

Mechanical Data

- Case: SMC/DO-214AB, Molded Plastic
- Terminals: Solder Plated, Solderable per MIL-STD-750, Method 2026
- Polarity: Cathode Band or Cathode Notch
- Marking: Type Number
- Weight: 0.21 grams (approx.)







SMC/DO-214AB						
Dim	Min	Max				
Α	5.59	6.22				
В	6.60	7.11				
С	2.75	3.18				
D	0.15	0.31				
E	7.75	8.13				
G	0.10	0.20				
Н	0.76	1.52				
J	2.00	2.62				
All Dimensions in mm						

Maximum Ratings and Electrical Characteristics TA = 25°C unless otherwise specified

Single phase, half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load. For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

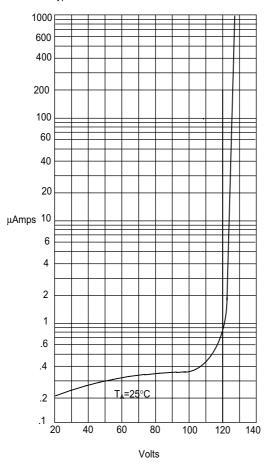
Characteristic	Symbol	SMLJ60S1	SMLJ60S2	SMLJ60S4	SMLJ60S6	SMLJ60S8	SMLJ60S10	Unit
Maximum repetitive peak reverse voltage	VRRM	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum RMS voltage	VRMS	70	140	280	420	560	700	V
Maximum DC blocking voltage	VDC	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum average forward rectified current at TL=75°C	l(AV)	6.0					А	
Peak forward surge current 8.3ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC Method)	IFSM	200.0						А
Maximum instantaneous forward voltage at 6.0A	VF	1.2						Volts
Maximum DC reverse current Ta=25°C at rated DC blocking voltage Ta=100°C	lR	10.0 100.0						μА
Typical junction capacitance (NOTE 1)	Сл	60.0						pF
Typical thermal resistance (NOTE 2)	RθJA	10.0						°C/W
Operating junction and storage temperature range	Тл Тѕтс	-55 to +150						°C

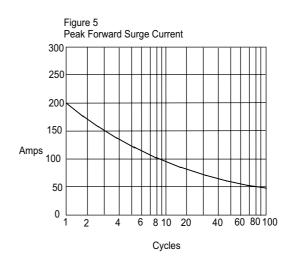
Note: 1. High Temperature Solder Exemptions Applied, see EU Directive Annex 7.



RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES SMLJ60S1-SMLJ60S10

Figure 4
Typical Reverse Characteristics





Peak Forward Surge Current - Amperes *versus* Number Of Cycles At 60Hz - Cycles

Instantaneous Reverse Leakage Current - MicroAmperes *versus* Percent Of Rated Peak Reverse Voltage - Volts